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DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS - Gr. II OFFICERS

November, 2020

Sub: Criminal Law and Procedure (Law Paper I) (Without Books)

Time Allowed: 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks: 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Answer Question No. 1 of Group A, 6 (six) questions from Group B and 5 questions from Group C

(Group A)

1. Answer the following questions: (10x2)
(Answer to the questions shall be in the form of either 'Yes' or 'No')
- (i) Whether an accused person can be allowed to meet an Advocate of his choice during interrogation?
 - (ii) Whether a warrant of arrest can be directed to be executed by a person other than a police officer?
 - (iii) Can a male Medical Officer examine a female person after arrest?
 - (iv) Is the possession of a clerk, temporarily appointed, can be considered as possession of the employer within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code?
 - (v) Can a member of the public lodge complaint against a person for violation of prohibitory order under section 144 of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 punishable under section 188 of Indian Penal code?
 - (vi) Is the Panchayet, having powers to try and determine suits, a court of justice?
 - (vii) A, a soldier, fires on a mob by the order of his superior, in conformity with the commands of the law. Has the soldier committed any offence?
 - (viii) A girl of 15 years was subjugated to give her consent for having sexual intercourse with a man. Does it amount giving consent by the girl?

(ix) Is a building attached to the earth an immovable property?

(x) Can the prosecution cross-examine its own witness?

(GROUP – B)

[Answer any 6 (six) questions]

6X5=30

2. What is the procedure of appointing the Assistant Public Prosecutors?
3. What is the procedure for dispersing of an assembly by use of civil force?
4. What are the procedure of arrest and duties of officer making arrest?
5. When the right of private defense of body extends to causing death?
6. What do you mean by dowry death (S.304B of IPC) and abetment of suicide (306 of IPC)?
7. What do you mean by primary evidence? Discuss with illustration.
8. How and on what matters oral evidence can be given?
9. What is the provision in the Indian Evidence Act regarding presumption as to absence of consent in certain prosecutions of rape?

(GROUP C)

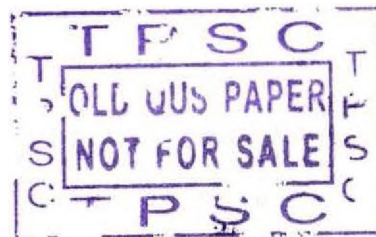
[Answer any 5 (five) questions]

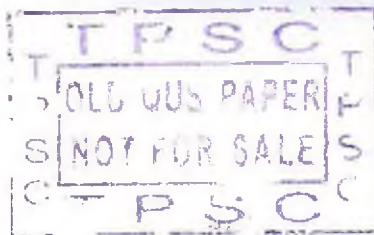
5x10=50

10. What are the functions of Directorate of Prosecution constituted under the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?
11. Discuss the procedure to be followed for search of places suspected to contain stolen property, forged documents etc. as provided in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

12. What do you mean by 'solitary confinement' and its 'limit' as provided in the Indian Penal Code?
13. Describe the acts to constitute imputations, assertions prejudicial to the national integration punishable under section 153B of the Indian Penal Code.?
14. Discuss the punishment prescribed for having intercourse by Superintendent of Jail, Remand Home etc. not amounting to the offence of rape.
15. Discuss the procedure to be followed for identification of suspect in test identification parade by an Executive Magistrate.
16. Give the circumstances when secondary evidence relating to documents can be given?

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DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS - Gr. II OFFICERS

November, 2020

Sub: Central Laws, Acts & Regulations (With Books)

Time Allowed: 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks: 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

**Answer Question No. 1 of Group A, 6 (six) questions from Group B
and 5 (Five) questions from Group C**

(Group A)

1. Answer the following questions: (2 X 10 = 20)
- (Answer to the questions shall be in the form of either 'Yes' or 'No')
- (i) On the prayer of land holders the Collector made partition of land as per provision of the Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms Act, 1960. Is the instrument of partition requires registration?
 - (ii) Mr. P gifted his land having market value of Rupees Two Lakh to his son by executing a deed of gift. Does the gift deed require registration under the Registration Act, 1908?
 - (iii) Is a pound keeper a public servant within the meaning of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871?
 - (iv) A sale deed requires to be stamped by law, but was not duly stamped. Is it admissible in evidence in court?
 - (v) Has the Court power to take cognizance of the offence punishable under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 on the basis of a complaint lodged by public?
 - (vi) Is the award of confiscation made by the Collector, in addition to other punishment to be passed by the Court under the Essential Commodities Act, 1959?
 - (vii) Has the State Government power to reduce or remit Court Fees in the whole or in any part under the Court Fees Act, 1870?

- (viii) Is any apparatus for presentation moving picture considered to be cinematograph within the meaning of the Cinematograph Act, 1952?
- (ix) A person used a 'imitation fire arm' in order to prevent his lawful arrest. Is it a punishable offence under the Arms Act, 1959?
- (x) Is a 'bomb' falls within the meaning of 'ammunition' as provided in the Arms Act, 1959?

(GROUP – B)

[Answer any 6 (six) questions]

(6 X 5 = 30)

2. What provision has been made in the Registration Act, 1908 (as amended in 2001) for affixing photograph and finger print of the seller and the buyer of land in the sale deed?
3. What is the limitation for presentation of a document for registration? Is there any provision for condoning the delay in the Registration Act, 1908?
4. Under what circumstances a Magistrate may cause search and seizure as provisions of the Arms Act, 1959?
5. What punishment is prescribed for commission of offence by companies under the Essential commodities Act, 1959? Discuss in details.
6. On what grounds a registering authority can refuse renewal of the certificate of registration of vehicle?
7. What is the procedure of cancellation of 'adhesive stamp' according to the provision of the Indian Stamp Act, 1870?
8. What remedy is available under the Court Fees Act, 1870 when a document is received without proper stamping?
9. Define the term 'Bill of Exchange payable on demand' as laid down in the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

(GROUP C)

[Answer any 5 (five) questions]

(5 X 10 = 50)

10. When and under what circumstances, a Registering Officer makes enquiry before registration of a document?
11. Discuss the provisions relating to issue of show cause notice before confiscation of Food grains and other articles under the Essential Commodities Act, 1959.
12. When a request for licence for having possession of fire arm under section 3 of the Arms Act, 1959 can be refused? Discuss.
13. Discuss currency of licence to drive motor vehicle as provided in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.
14. Discuss the power of licencing authority to disqualify from holding a driving licence or revoke such licence under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.
15. What is the power of a Collector to stamp instruments impounded under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899?
16. Discuss the procedure to be followed if the impounded cattle is not claimed within a week.

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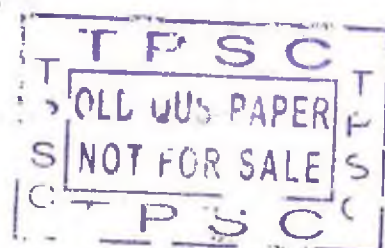
Answer question No. 1 of Group-A, 6(Six) questions from Group- B and 5(Five) questions from Group-C

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions (Very short answer type questions)

10x2=20

- (a) Who are called 'raiylats' as per the TLR &LR Act?
- (b) Define 'holding' as per the TLR &LR Act.
- (c) Define 'Bargadar'.
- (d) Define 'rent' as per the TLR & LR Act.
- (e) Define 'farmer' according to the Tripura Agricultural Indebtedness Relief Act, 1979.
- (f) What are 'taxable goods' as per the Tripura Sales Tax Act?
- (g) Define 'Entertainment' as per the Tripura Entertainment Tax Act, 1997.
- (h) What is 'profession tax'?
- (i) Is Bombay Money Lenders Act applicable in Tripura?
- (j) Who is the 'licensing authority' according to the Tripura Markets Act?



Group-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions (Answers should be in brief)

6x5=30

- 2. State the rights of 'under-raiyats'.
- 3. Narrate the term 'personal cultivation' with explanations as laid down in the TLR &LR Act.
- 4. Mention the manners of levying and collecting land tax.
- 5. Mention the provisions relating to disposal of appeals by the revenue courts.
- 6. Name the stages of revenue survey as per the TLR & LR Rules, 1961.
- 7. How is 'reasonable rent' determined according to the TLR & LR Act?
- 8. State the provisions of the Tripura Professions, Trades, Callings and Employment Taxation Act, 1997 in relation to payment of tax
- 9. State the features of 'Alluvial land' and 'land lost by diluvion'.

Group-C

Answer any 5 (Five) questions (Long answer type questions)

5x10=50

- 10. Describe the provisions relating to recovery of arrear of land revenue.
- 11. State the provisions contained in Section 11 of the TLR &LR Act regarding title of Government to land.
- 12. Discuss the powers of Commissioner of Taxes to order production of accounts of taxable goods and the power of entry and inspection for the purpose .
- 13. State the procedures to be followed by a person not belonging to the Scheduled Tribe for transfer of his land situated within a village or tehsil specified in the Second Schedule of the TLR & LR Act.
- 14. State the purpose of revenue survey and the procedures for determining revenue rates in Tripura.
- 15. State the conditions for allotment of land for the purpose of industry and for any purpose of public utility.
- 16. State the procedures laid down in the TLR & LR Act and the TLR & LR Rules regarding mutation of land.

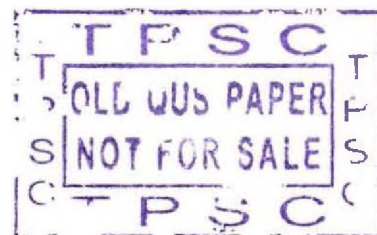
Answer question No. 1 of Group-A, 6(Six) questions from Group- B and 5(Five) questions from Group-C

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions (Very short answer type questions)

10x2=20

- What does "Legal representative" mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908?
- What does "cause of action" mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908?
- Define "Court".
- What does "Affidavit" mean?
- What does the term "easement" mean?
- Define "Gift" as per the Transfer of Property Act.
- Define "Sale" as per the Transfer of Property Act.
- What does the term "promissory note" mean according to the Limitation Act, 1963?
- What is "lease"?
- What is meant by "contract guarantee"?



Group-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions (Answers should be in brief)

6x5=30

- Mention in brief the essential contents of a judgement.
- State the essentials of a valid tender.
- Write short notes of the following:-
 - Status Quo
 - Summons
- What does Rescission of contract mean? When Rescission of contract may be granted? (2+3)
- Discuss the provisions of the Limitation Act relating to "condonation of delay".
- State the modes of transfer of property.
- What do you mean by "indigent person"? Explain the procedures as to how an indigent person can institute a suit.
- Explain the "Actionable claim" according to the Transfer of Property Act.

Group-C

Answer any 5 (Five) questions (Long answer type questions)

5x10=50

- What is meant by "injunction"? State the various types of injunction and the grounds for granting temporary injunction. (2+8)
- Discuss in details the particulars that should be mentioned in a plaint.
- Discuss the various types of mortgage in details.
- Define "Res Judicata". Discuss the scope and object of Res Judicata as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. (2+8)
- Discuss the rights and liabilities of lessee.
- State the main features of Contract of Guarantee.
- Discuss in details the particulars that should be mentioned in a written statement.



DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS GRADE-II OFFICERS, NOV-2020.

Subject: Accounts, Paper –V (Without Books)

Time Allowed: 03 (Three) hours.

Total Marks: 100

Answer all 10 (Ten) questions, each carrying 02 (Two) marks, by putting 'Yes' or 'No' against each statement given below (Q.No.1-10)

2x10=20

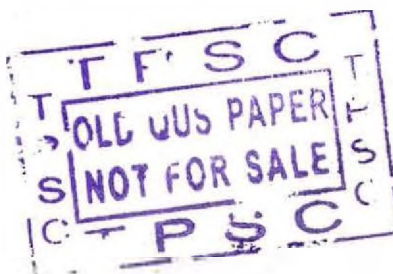
1. Govt. account is maintained on accrual basis.
2. All transactions of the Central and State Governments taking place in other countries shall be passed on monthly by the Indian Embassies/Missions to India and brought to account finally in the Indian books after they have been converted into rupees.
3. Audit Report is prepared under Article 148 of the Constitution of India.
4. Controlling Officer should verify the Cash Book of the DDO after every three months.
5. Major Head 4000 indicates an Expenditure Head of Account.
6. Vote on Account is obtained when Regular Budget is delayed.
7. Comptroller and Auditor General of India is appointed under Article 151 of the Constitution of India.
8. Excise Duty on Foreign Liquor is a Non-Tax Revenue.
9. Transfer Entries are prepared for rectification of error in the classification in the original entry of the accounts.
10. Grants-in-Aid received from the Central Govt. are recorded as Revenue Receipt in the State Accounts.

Group-B

Answer any 06 (Six) questions, each carrying 05 (Five) marks

5x6=30

11. Brief note on allocation between capital and revenue expenditure on a capital scheme.
12. Brief notes on the procedure for submission of Audit Reports to Government.
13. What is Advice Memo in the Departmental Compilation of Accounts?
14. Give three examples of Tax Revenue and three examples of Non-Tax Revenue of the Government.



15. Write a brief note on Local Audit.
16. Brief notes on Charged Expenditure and voted Expenditure.
17. Ways and Means Advances by the Reserve Bank of India.
18. Budget Estimate, Revised Estimate and Supplementary Grants.

GROUP-C

Answer any 05 (Five) questions, each carrying 10 (Ten) marks.

5x10=50

19. Write notes on Finance Accounts and Appropriation Accounts 5+5
20. Write notes on Form of Accounts and Main Divisions of Accounts.
21. Write brief note on important points that can form the subject matter of comments in Audit Reports.
22. Write brief notes on the key areas for audit scrutiny against Audit of Receipt.
23. Write brief notes on the issues for audit scrutiny in respect of audit of Grants.
24. Write brief notes on the Financial Committees of the Parliament. 3+4+3
25. Discuss in brief the allotment of Code to each Major Head and range of Code Numbers. 5+5

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Departmental Examination for IAS & TCS Gr.-II Officers, November-2020
Subject- Security and Disaster Management (With Books)

Full Marks-50
Time: 2.00 hours

1. Answer the following questions in one or two sentences.

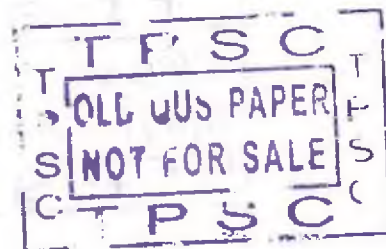
10×1=10

- (i) Define the term *Pandemic*.
- (ii) In which year the Disaster Management Act was passed by the parliament in India.
- (iii) What is the name of *manuals* that identify the role of each officer in state for managing the natural disaster?
- (iv) Under which Ministry the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) comes.
- (v) In which year the *Latur earthquake* occurred in India.
- (vi) What is a *drought*?
- (vii) Name two types of *man-made disaster*.
- (viii) What is the average wind speed for which a cyclone is called '*super cyclone*'?
- (ix) Which department of Govt. of India issues weather forecast.
- (x) What is the goal of emergency preparedness?

2. Answer the following questions in Brief (Any five).

5×2=10

- (i) What is *resilience*?
- (ii) Define *epicenter* of earthquake disaster.
- (iii) What is a *design flood*?
- (iv) Enumerate two *intangible* losses during flood disaster.
- (v) Define *sloughing* during landslides.
- (vi) Enumerate any two *biological* hazards.



3. Answer the following questions within 30 words each (Any five)

5×3=15

- (i) Write a note on *regional profile* of any specific natural disaster in Tripura.
- (ii) Define *magnitude* and *intensity* of earthquake disaster.
- (iii) Enumerate any two recent development of information technology in *disaster prevention* in India.
- (iv) In what ways the *vulnerability* to earthquake disaster can be characterized in Tripura.

(v) Write any two important factors for delineating Tripura state as *seismic zone V*.

(vi) Explain any two *endogenous hazards* affecting the environment.

4. Answer the following question within 60 words each (Any Three).

3×5=15

(i) Write a note on *sustainable management* of any specific natural resources essential to provide livelihood and environmental security for the state Tripura to your higher authority.

(ii) Write a report on post-disaster *mitigation strategies* with reference to specific disasters.

(iii) List a few of the *prominent earthquakes* which occurred in India in last two decades and what are the *lessons learnt* from them?

(iv) Discuss recent development in *forecasting, warning and monitoring system* during flood in India.

(v) Enumerate five major problems encountered in *relief administration* in your service period.

